# Introduction to Atmospheric Photochemistry

#### AOSC / CHEM 433 & AOSC 633

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Class Web Site: http://www.atmos.umd.edu/~rjs/class/spr2019

Goals:

- · Understanding how stratospheric ozone is formed
- · Concept of "odd oxygen"
- Gas phase catalysis

# Lecture 9 7 March 2019

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### Chapman Chemistry

• Production of stratospheric O<sub>3</sub> initiated when O<sub>2</sub> is photodissociated by UV sunlight

• O<sub>3</sub> formed when resulting O atom reacts with O<sub>2</sub> :

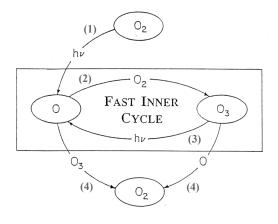
$$hv + O_2 \rightarrow O + O \qquad (1)$$
$$O + O_2 + M \rightarrow O_3 + M \qquad (2)$$

• O<sub>3</sub> removed by photodissociation (UV sunlight) or by reaction with O :

$$\begin{array}{l} hv + O_3 \rightarrow O + O_2 \\ O + O_3 \rightarrow O_2 + O_2 \end{array} \tag{3}$$

This reaction sequence was first worked out in the 1930s by Sydney Chapman, an English mathematician and geophysicist

- The cycling between O and O<sub>3</sub> (rxns 2 and 3) occurs *much* more rapidly than leakage into (rxn 1) or out of the system (rxn 4)
- The sum O + O<sub>3</sub> is commonly called "odd oxygen"



Rxn (1) produces two odd oxygen moleculesRxn (4) consumes two odd oxygen molecules

and reactions 2 and 3 recycle odd oxygen molecules

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### Chapman Chemistry

• The concentration of *odd oxygen* reflects a balance between production and consumption:

$$2 k_4 [O] [O_3] = 2 J_1 [O_2]$$
(5)

• Similarly the abundance of  $O_3$  (or O) reflects a balance between P & L of fast *inner cycle*:

$$k_2[O][O_2][M] = J_3[O_3]$$
 (6)

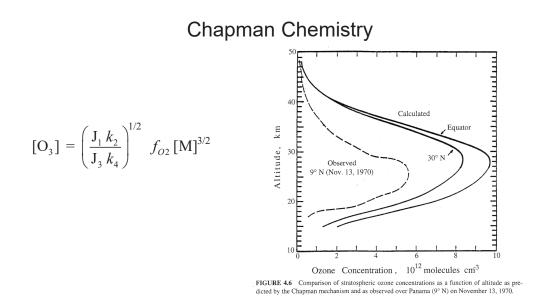
• Rearranging (6) yields:

$$[O] = \frac{J_3[O_3]}{k_2[O_2][M]}$$
(7)

• Subbing this expression into (5) yields:

$$[O_3] = \left(\frac{J_1 k_2}{J_3 k_4}\right)^{1/2} f_{O2} [M]^{3/2}$$
(8)

where  $f_{02} = O_2$  mixing ratio, or ~0.21



 $[O_3]$  falls off with increasing altitude (high in stratosphere), at a rate determined by  $[M]^{3/2}$ , because:

 $[O_3]$  falls off with decreasing altitude (low in stratosphere) due to a rapid drop in J<sub>1</sub>, reflecting:

Observed  $[O_3]$  < Chapman  $[O_3]$ : why ?!?

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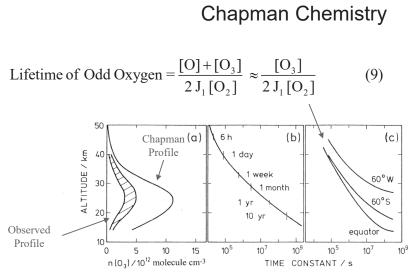


FIGURE 3.7 (a) Vertical profile of ozone number density calculated from Equation (3.9). The hatched area shows the range of observations at low latitudes from the data of Krueger (1969), Randhawa (1971), and Mauersberger *et al.*, (1981). (b) Time constant for the approach to the photostationary state of ozone calculated from Equation (3.11). (c) Ozone replacement times calculated from Equation (3.12) by Johnston and Whitten (1973), here for  $60^{\circ}$  N, summer and winter, and at the equator.

Warneck, Chemistry of the Natural Atmosphere, 2000

Analysis of (9) and dynamical models shows that *transport* exerts a major influence on odd oxygen (e.g., ozone) below about 30 km altitude

#### Stratospheric Photochemistry

The real stratosphere is a bit more complex:

	of Stratospheric Chemistry

	$O_2 + h\nu \rightarrow O + O$	$O_3 + h\nu \rightarrow O(^1D) + O_2$
	$O_3 + hv \rightarrow O(all) + O_2$	$O(^{1}D) + M \rightarrow O + M$
	$O(^{1}D) + O_{2} \rightarrow O + O_{2}$	$O + O_2 + M \rightarrow O_3 + M$
	$O + O_3 \rightarrow O_2 + O_2$	$O + O + M \rightarrow O_2 + M$
,	$O(^{1}D) + N_{2}O \rightarrow NO + NO$	$O(^{1}D) + N_{2}O \rightarrow N_{2} + O_{2}$
	$O + NO_2 \rightarrow NO + O_2$	$NO_2 + hv \rightarrow NO + O$
	$O_3 + NO \rightarrow NO_2 + O_2$	$O + HNO_3 \rightarrow OH + NO_3$
	$O + NO + M \rightarrow NO_2 + M$	$O + NO_2 + M \rightarrow NO_3 + M$
	$O_3 + NO_2 \rightarrow O_2 + NO_3$	$H + NO_2 \rightarrow OH + NO$
	$HO_2 + NO_3 \rightarrow OH + NO_2$	$NO_2 + OH \rightarrow HNO_3$
	$HNO_3 + h\nu \rightarrow OH + NO_2$	$HNO_3 + OH \rightarrow H_2O + NO_3$
	$NO + OH \rightarrow HNO_2$	$NO_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow HNO_2 + O_2$
	$HNO_2 + hv \rightarrow OH + NO$	$HNO_2 + OH \rightarrow H_2O + NO_2$
	$HO_2 + NO_2 \rightarrow HNO_4$	$HNO_4 \rightarrow HO_2 + NO_2$
	$HNO_4 + hv \rightarrow OH + NO_3$	$HNO_4 + OH \rightarrow H_2 O + NO_2 + O_2$
	$NO_3 + hv \rightarrow NO_2 + O$	$NO_3 + hv \rightarrow NO + O_2$
	$NO_3 + NO \rightarrow 2NO_2$	$NO_3 + NO_2 \rightarrow NO + O_2 + NO_2$
	$NO_3 + NO_3 \rightarrow 2NO_2 + O_2$	$NO_2 + NO_3 \rightarrow N_2O_5$
	$N_2O_5 \rightarrow NO_2 + NO_3$	$N_2O_5 + h\nu \rightarrow NO_2 + NO_3$
	$NO + hv \rightarrow N + O$	$N + O_2 \rightarrow NO + O$
	$N + O_3 \rightarrow NO + O_2$	$N + NO \rightarrow N_2 + O$
	$N + NO_2 \rightarrow N_2O + O$	$NH_3 + OH \rightarrow NH_2 + H_2O$
	$NH_2 + O_3 \rightarrow NO_X + \dots$	$NH_2 + NO \rightarrow N_2 +$
	$ClO + NO \rightarrow Cl + NO_2$	$ClO + NO_2 \rightarrow ClNO_3$
	$N_2 O + h\nu \rightarrow N_2 + O$	$Cl + HNO \rightarrow HCl + NO_2 + O_2$
	$CINO_3 \rightarrow CIO + NO_2$	$CINO_3 + hv \rightarrow O + CIONO$
	$ClNO_3 + hv \rightarrow Cl + NO_3$	$CINO_3 + O \rightarrow CIO + NO_3$
	$ClNO_3 + OH \rightarrow HOCl + NO_3$	$CINO_3 + H_2O$ (aerosol) $\rightarrow HOCl + HNO_3$
	$ClNO_3 + HCl (aerosol) \rightarrow Cl_2 + HNO_3$	$N_2O_5 + H_2O$ (aerosol) $\rightarrow 2HNO_3$
	$N_2O_5 + HCl (aerosol) \rightarrow HNO_3 + ClNO_2$	$ClNO_2 + h\nu \rightarrow Cl + NO_2$
	$NO + CINO_3 \rightarrow CIONO + NO_2$	$CIONO + hv \rightarrow Cl + NO_2$
	Cl + NO <sub>23</sub> →ClONO	$Cl + NO_2 \rightarrow ClNO_2$
	$CINO_3 + O \rightarrow CIONO + O_2$	$CH_3OO + NO \rightarrow RO + NO_2$
	$NO + OCIO \rightarrow NO_2 + CIO$	$O(^{1}D) + N_{2} + M \rightarrow N_{2}O + M$
	$O + NO_3 \rightarrow O_2 + NO_2$	$NO_3 + O_2 \rightarrow NO + O_2 + O_2$

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McElroy, The Atmospheric Environment, 2002

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# Stratospheric Photochemistry

#### plus these :

 $\mathrm{NH}_2 + \mathrm{NO}_2 \rightarrow \mathrm{N}_2 + \ldots$  $\mathrm{O}(^1\mathrm{D}) + \mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{OH}$  $\mathrm{O}(^1\mathrm{D}) + \mathrm{CH}_4 \rightarrow \mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{CH}_3$  $O + H_2 \rightarrow OH + H$  $O + OH \rightarrow O_2 + H$  $\mathrm{O} + \mathrm{H_2O_2} \rightarrow \mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{HO_2}$  $\mathrm{O} + \mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}_2 \rightarrow \mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{HO}_2$  $O_3 + OH \rightarrow HO_2 + O_2$  $H_2O + h\nu \rightarrow H + OH$  $H_2O_2 + h\nu \rightarrow OH + OH$  $H + HO_2 \rightarrow OH + OH$  $\rm H^{} + \rm HO_{2} \rightarrow \rm H_{2}O + O$  $\mathrm{H} + \mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}_2 \twoheadrightarrow \mathrm{H}_2 + \mathrm{H}\mathrm{O}_2$  $OH + HO_2 \rightarrow H_2O + O_2$  $HO_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow H_2O_2 + O_2$  $\mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{CO} \rightarrow \mathrm{CO_2} + \mathrm{H}$  $CH_4 + h\nu \rightarrow \ldots H_2CO$  $\rm CH_3OO + \rm CH_3OO \rightarrow \rm R_2O_2 + \rm O_2$  $CH_3OOH + OH \rightarrow RO + H_2O$  $H_2CO + hv \rightarrow H + HCO$  $CH_4 + hv \rightarrow H_2 + \dots$ 

 $\mathrm{O}(^1\mathrm{D}) + \mathrm{H}_2 \to \mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{H}$  $\mathrm{O(^1D)} + \mathrm{CH_4} \rightarrow \mathrm{H_2} + \mathrm{H_2CO}$  $CO_2 + h\nu \rightarrow CO + O$  $\mathrm{O} + \mathrm{HO}_2 \rightarrow \mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{O}_2$  $O_3 + H \rightarrow OH + O_2$  $O_3 + H \rightarrow OH + O_2$  $O_3 + HO_2 \rightarrow OH + O_2 + O_2$  $HO_2 + hv \rightarrow O + OH$  $H + O_2 + M \rightarrow HO_2 + M$  $\rm H + HO_2 \rightarrow H_2 + O_2$  $\rm H + H_2O_2 \rightarrow OH + H_2O$  $\mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{H_2O} + \mathrm{O}$  $OH + H_2O_2 \rightarrow H_2O + HO_2$  $OH + H_2 \rightarrow H_2O + H$  $OH + CH_4 \rightarrow CH_3 + H_2O$  $CH_3OO + HO_2 \rightarrow ROOH + O_2$  $\rm CH_3OOH + {\it hv} \rightarrow \rm CH_3O + OH$  $\rm H_2CO + OH \rightarrow HCO + H_2O$  ${\rm H_2CO} + h\nu \rightarrow {\rm H_2} + {\rm CO}$ 

(continued)

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### Stratospheric Photochemistry

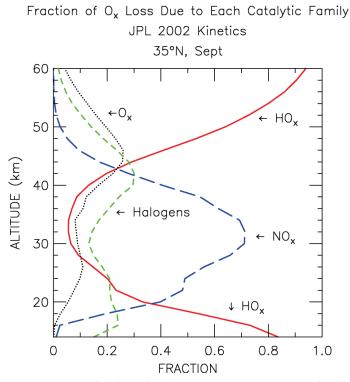
and these as well :

$HCl + OH \rightarrow Cl + H_2O$	$HCl + O \rightarrow Cl + OH$
$HCl + H \rightarrow Cl + H_2$	$HCl + hv \rightarrow Cl + H$
$Cl + CH_4 \rightarrow HCl + CH_3$	$Cl + H_2CO \rightarrow HCl + HCO$
$Cl + H_2 \rightarrow HCl + H$	$Cl + HO_2 \rightarrow HCl + O_2$
$Cl + H_2O_2 \rightarrow HCl + HO_2$	$Cl + Cl + M \rightarrow Cl_2 + M$
$Cl_2 + h\nu \rightarrow Cl + Cl$	$Cl_2 + H \rightarrow HCl + Cl$
$Cl_2 + O \rightarrow ClO + Cl$	$Cl + O_3 \rightarrow ClO + O_2$
$ClO + O \rightarrow Cl + O_2$	$ClO + hv \rightarrow Cl + O$
$ClO + ClO \rightarrow Cl_2 + O_2$	$ClO + H \rightarrow OH + Cl$
$ClO + OH \rightarrow Cl + HO_2$	$ClO + HO_2 \rightarrow HCl + O_3$
$CIO + HO_2 \rightarrow HOCl + O_2$	$HOCl + hv \rightarrow OH + Cl$
$HOCl + OH \rightarrow H_2O + ClO$	$ClO + ClO \rightarrow OClO + Cl$
$OClO + hv \rightarrow ClO + O$	$OCIO + O \rightarrow CIO + O_2$
$ClO + O_3 \rightarrow OClO + O_2$	$Cl + OCIO \rightarrow CIO + CIO$
$ClO + OClO \rightarrow ClOO + ClO$	$CIO + CIO \rightarrow CI + CIOO$
$ClO + ClO \rightarrow ClO_2O_2$	$Cl_2O_2 + hv \rightarrow Cl + ClOO$
$Cl_2O_2 + hv \rightarrow Cl + OClO$	$ClOO + M \rightarrow Cl + O_2 + M$
$ClOO + hv \rightarrow ClO + O$	$Cl + ClOO \rightarrow Cl_2 + O_2$
$Cl + ClOO \rightarrow ClO + ClO$	$Cl + O_2 + M \rightarrow ClOO + M$
$O(^{1}D) + O_{3} \rightarrow O_{2} + O_{2}$	$Cl_2O_2 + M \rightarrow ClO + ClO$
$O(^{1}D) + CCl_{4} \rightarrow \dots$	$O(^{1}D) + CFCl_{3} \rightarrow \dots$
$O(^{1}D) + CF_{2}Cl_{2} \rightarrow \dots$	$O(^{1}D) + HCl \rightarrow OH + Cl$
$ClO + OH \rightarrow HCl + O_2$	$CF_2CI_2 + h\nu \rightarrow \dots$
$CFCl_3 + hv \rightarrow$	$CCl_4 + hv \rightarrow \dots$
$CH_3Cl + hv \rightarrow$	$CH_3Cl + OH \rightarrow \dots$
$CH_3CCl_3 + hv \rightarrow \dots$	$CH_3CCl_3 + OH \rightarrow \dots$
$HBr + OH \rightarrow Br + H_2O$	$HBr + O \rightarrow Br + OH$
$HBr + h\nu \rightarrow H + Br$	$Br + HO_2 \rightarrow HBr + O_2$
$Br + O_3 \rightarrow BrO + O_2$	$BrO + O \rightarrow Br + O_2$
$BrO + NO \rightarrow Br + NO_2$	$BrO + O_3 \rightarrow Br + 2O_2$
$BrO + BrO \rightarrow _2Br + O_2$	$BrO + BrO \rightarrow Br_2 + O_2$
$BrO + hv \rightarrow Br + O$	$BrO + HO_2 \rightarrow HOBr + O_2$
$HOBr + h\nu \rightarrow Br + OH$	$HOBr + OH \rightarrow BrO + H_2O$
$BrO + NO_2 \rightarrow BrNO_3$	$BrNO_3 + hv \rightarrow BrO + NO_2$
$BrNO_3 + h\nu \rightarrow Br + NO_3$	$ClO + BrO \rightarrow Cl + Br + O_2$
$Br + H_2CO \rightarrow HBr + HCO $	$ClO + BrO \rightarrow OClO + Br$
$ClO + BrO \rightarrow BrCl + O_2$	$BrCl + h\nu \rightarrow Br + Cl$
$CH_3Br + h\nu \rightarrow \ldots$	$CH_3Br + OH \rightarrow \dots$

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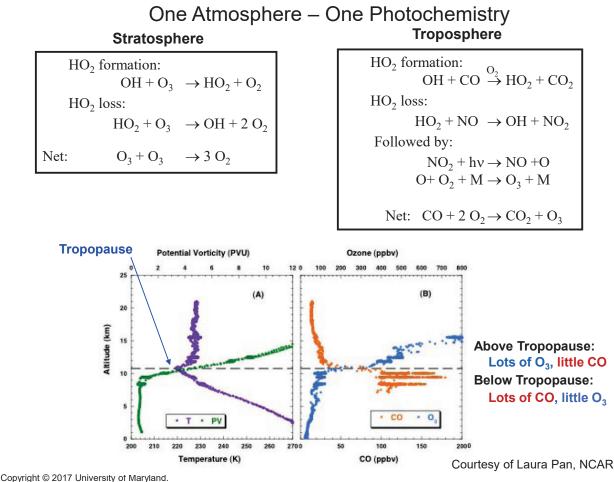
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## Stratospheric Photochemistry: Odd Oxygen Loss By Families



Calculated fraction of odd oxygen loss due to various families of radicals

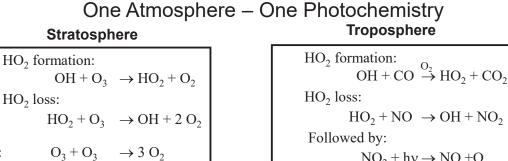
After Osterman et al., GRL, 24, 1107, 1997; Sen et al., JGR, 103, 3571. 1998; Sen et al., JGR, 104, 26653, 1999. 9



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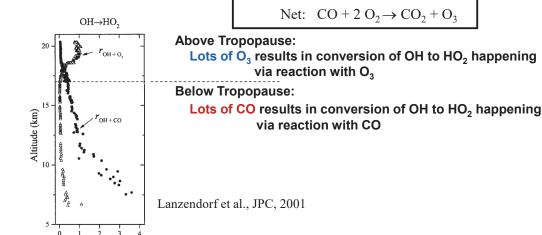
 $HO_2$  loss:

Net:



Followed by:  

$$NO_2 + h\nu \rightarrow NO + O$$
  
 $O+O_2 + M \rightarrow O_3 + M$ 



Reaction Rate  $(\times 10^5 \text{ molecules cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1})$  11