

# METO630 STATISTICAL METHODS IN METEOROLOGY AND OCEANOGRAPHY

(3)

Updated January 2004 (Eugenia Kalnay/Huug vanden Dool)

*Prerequisite: STAT 400 or equivalent.* Tests of significance; time series analysis; multiple regression and screening multiple regression; statistical weather and climate prediction.

- I. Introduction, probability distributions, tests of significance (3 weeks)
  - (1) Introduction - concepts of probability, random variables and probability distributions. Wilks: Chapters 2, 3, 5.1
  - (2) Probability distributions, discrete, continuous - the normal distribution, Central Limit theorem,  $\chi^2$  -distribution, t-distribution, and Fisher's F-distribution. Gumbel, Gamma and other distributions. Wilks: 4.1-4.5; 4.7
  - (3) Tests of hypothesis - Type I error, Type II error, level of significance, one tailed tests and two tailed tests. Parametric tests of significance against non-parametric tests and Monte Carlo methods. Bootstrapping. Wilks: 5.1-5.4
- II. Statistical Weather forecasting (3.0 weeks) Wilks: Chapter 6; other refs.
  - (1) Simple regression - estimation of regression line, analysis of variance, confidence interval for regression coefficients, and confidence band for regression line.
  - (2) Multiple regression - estimation of regression plane, partial correlation, and multiple correlation.
  - (3) Screening regression - explained variance and incrementally explained variance, all possible regression, forward selection, stepwise regression, and stagewise regression.
  - (4) Model Output Statistics, Perfect Prog, Adaptive Regression (Kalman Filtering). Guest Lecturer: Paul Dallavalle or Mark Antolik.
  - (5) Nonlinear regression, neural networks (guest lecturer, V. Krasnopolsky).
  - (6) Probabilistic forecasting and verification from ensembles (guest lecturer, Zoltan Toth).
- III. Time series (3.0 weeks) Wilks: Chapter 8, plus additional refs.
  - (1) Introduction - definitions of stochastic processes: purely random process, stationary process, auto-regressive process and non-stationary process.
  - (2) Analysis of discrete time series - harmonic analysis, smoothing and filtering, frequency response of smoothing and filtering functions, and construction of low-pass, band pass and high-pass filters.
  - (3) Power spectrum analysis - Methods of estimating power spectra: Lag-correlation, Fast Fourier Transform, Maximum Entropy. Aliasing.
  - (4) Cross-spectrum analysis - Estimation of co-spectrum, quadrature-spectrum and coherence.
  - (5) Wavelets (guest lecturer: S. Schubert)
- IV. Statistical methods for climate prediction (5.0 weeks, lecturer: Huug vanden Dool)
  - (1) Introduction: Empirical orthogonal functions (principal components) - rotated and complex empirical orthogonal functions. Canonical correlation analysis. Discriminant analysis, clustering (Wilks, Chapter 9)
  - (2) Applications developed at CPC: Empirical Wave Propagation; Natural analogues; Constructed analogues; Empirical Basis Functions; Teleconnections; Empirical Orthogonal Teleconnections: examples from reanalysis; Empirical Orthogonal Functions; Compact representation of data sets

- V. Forecast verification (0.5 week)  
(1) Currently used operational forecast scores

Required Text:

Daniel Wilks: *Statistic Methods in Atmospheric Sciences* (1995) Academic Press. ISBN 0-12-751965-3

Recommended reference textbook:

Hans von Storch and Francis Zwiers (1999): *Statistical Analysis in Climate Research*. Cambridge University Press (now in paperback).